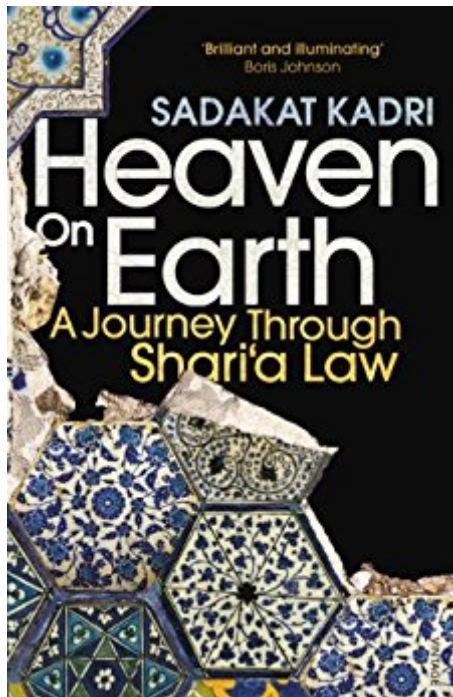




Ebook Directory
the best source of ebook

The book was found

Heaven On Earth: A Journey Through Shari'ah & Islamic Law



Synopsis

This book is important because it is:Unique. Heaven on Earth offers a critique of extremism that is human rights-based and entertaining – combining the comparative approach of Karen Armstrong and the immediacy of Ed Husain (The Islamist) with storytelling. Timely. At a time of veil bans, Quran burnings and English Defence League protests, Kadri voices a liberal view of Islamic history and shows Muslims working against repression. This book explains up-to-the-minute brutalities.Epic. Interviews, anecdotes, personal reflection and analysis are set against a narrative that sweeps from seventh-century Mecca to the war in Afghanistan. Civilisations are evoked via the vivid lives of caliphs, mystics, and travellers. Legal changes are described through the feuds, courtroom dramas, conquests and cataclysms that have left their mark on modern Islamic law. First-hand. On the road for five months, Kadri travelled through Iran just before the June 2009 election protests, and took part in a human rights conference there with ayatollahs and academics. Eye-opening. This book goes beyond the explosive headline issues (criminal justice, women, jihad, religious freedom) to reveal the stranger ones: genie exorcisms; the legal consequences of premature ejaculation; online fatwa advice; the sharia approach to Facebook and Quranic mobile phone ringtones, etc.Bold. Heaven on Earth primarily targets religious extremism, but also cuts anti-Muslim panic down to size.

Book Information

File Size: 2640 KB

Print Length: 352 pages

Publisher: Vintage Digital (January 5, 2012)

Publication Date: January 5, 2012

Sold by:Amazon Digital Services LLC

Language: English

ASIN: B006K21I6M

Text-to-Speech: Enabled

X-Ray: Not Enabled

Word Wise: Enabled

Lending: Not Enabled

Screen Reader: Supported

Enhanced Typesetting: Enabled

Best Sellers Rank: #502,879 Paid in Kindle Store (See Top 100 Paid in Kindle Store) #27

inÃ Kindle Store > Kindle eBooks > Religion & Spirituality > Islam > Law #86 inÃ Books > Religion & Spirituality > Islam > Law #147 inÃ Kindle Store > Kindle eBooks > History > Religion > Islam

Customer Reviews

Heaven on Earth: A Journey Through Shari'a Law from the Deserts of Ancient Arabia to the Streets of the Modern Muslim World
There is no better way to understand current events in the Islamic world (e.g. the "Islamic Spring") than to carefully read this outstanding historic summary of the origins and growth of "Shari'a" law and politics from pre-Islam to 2012. This is an outstanding read, covering politics, war, law and philosophy; once finished, you can read your morning newspaper and place current developments in the Muslim world in a comprehensive context. Congratulations to the author!
Van E. Langley, J.D.

Sadakat Kadri gives readers a good history of Islam beginning with the life of Muhammad and continuing to the present. He focuses mostly on the development of the Islamic legal system, how it changed in remarkable ways. The basic document of Islam is the Qur'an; however much of its original meaning is unclear or no longer relevant: "most of the Qur'an's 114 chapters had been overruled - 71 of them, according to one authoritative estimate." Islamic scholars explain that "God's responses to changing circumstances meant that many older verses of the Qur'an could be legally ineffective." Muslims differ as to when the Qur'an appeared. It "was first enunciated by the Prophet Muhammad during the 620s." It is not composed chronologically, but organized according to the size of its chapters. Its name means "recitation," and many are convinced that it wasn't written down until after Muhammad's death. Others insist that he had it written during his lifetime. Some say that Allah composed it. Others insist that it existed as long as Allah. This later view suggests that the Qur'an's content has nothing to do with divine will or earthly circumstances; it is truth personified. However, this view seems to be contradicted by its changes due to altered circumstances. Shari'a is Islamic laws, from inheritance to warfare. The name conveys "the idea of a direct path to water - a route of considerable importance to a desert people." However, it is more than that. Water is a sustainer of life. As one Syrian jurist put it: "If it had not been for the fact that some of its rules remain [in this world] this world would [have] become corrupted and the universe would [have been] dissipated." Changes in human circumstances also resulted in changes in the shari'a. As with the US Constitution, Muslim scholars differ how to interpret it. Some are open to modern interpretations, seeking how the ancients might have resolved legal questions that they knew nothing about. Others

are strict constructionists and insist that God manifested his will through the shari'a; obliging Muslim judges to interpret shari'a according to its ancient no longer relevant meaning. Kadri writes that this traditional approach has "the whiff of a sÃfÂ©ance about it... (and) seems akin to ancestor worship" The third part of the Islamic legal system is the fiqh, meaning "deep understanding." These are legal decisions by Muslim jurists designed to explain the Qur'an and shari'a. Like religious leaders of other religions, they "Hypothesized fantastically unfortunate dilemmas: what Muslims should do on a desert island, for example, if they found themselves pining away alongside a dead shipmate, a pig, and a flask of wine (clue: avoid the pig and alcohol until desperate)." Different Islamic schools have different interpretations of fiqhs. The fourth and most troubling in every religion is the hadiths, the stories told about the ancients, from Muhammad on, with the idea that religious people should copy their age-old behavior. Kadri points out that most of these tales are filled with fantastic events, pure inventions, and many were written to justify certain behaviors that are not explicit in the shari'a or fiqh and are contrary to its spirit. The fifth level is fatwas. These are religious opinions issued by any religious leader and are only binding on Muslims who attached themselves to the religious leader who issued the opinion. Thus, Pakistan's schools "refused on religious principle to put their clocks forward for the summer, because the muftis in charge considered daylight saving time to be an unholy innovation." Another important example is that the ancient laws never allowed the murder of civilians. Yet, Osama bin Laden bizarrely relied on a fatwa by ibn Taymiyyah (1263-1328) to justify killing non-combatants, Muslim and non-Muslims, during and not during war. Ibn Taymiyyah decision only addressed the conditions of his time. He allowed Muslims to defend themselves against the attacks by Mongols and to kill Muslims soldiers who had joined the Mongol forces in self defense during the battles. There is no overall religious body in Islam today which decides which ruling is correct, Islam has no Pope capable of resolving earthly disputes, and, as a result, there is much disagreement among Muslims about how to act. The only certainty, as with the other religions today, is that Islam is generally more conservative today than it was in the past. Thus, for example, "The very idea that Muslims might blow themselves up for God was unheard-of before 1983, and it was not until the early 1990s that anyone anywhere had tried to justify killing innocent Muslims who were not on the battlefield. The arguments for violence are recent." The results are macabre. "After a twenty-seven-year-old woman killed herself and an eighty-one-year-old Jewish man outside a shoe shop on Jerusalem's Jaffa Road in January 2002, for example, the only moral qualms expressed by the Egyptian jurist Yusuf al-Qaradawi concerned the propriety of a female martyr traveling to her death unchaperoned."

Makes a pretty dense and controversial subject very accessible. Really like his wry style of writing. Had previously borrowed it from the library and decided to buy it as I couldn't complete reading it in time and thought this would be a good book to keep at home for reference.

This book was the most informative and interesting on a subject of which I had no previous knowledge. It is so timely and should be on everyone's reading list who wants to begin to understand Islam. I bought it to have as a reference when I get into discussions with people who make ignorant statements about Muslims and their beliefs.

Clear, thoughtful, and well argued. Surprisingly engaging. Found myself regretting how very little I've known up to now about the origins and tenets of Islam. Heaven on Earth will better equip me to understand much of the current conflicts at home and abroad.

well documented and interesting

The book describes a variety of Islamic traditions and practices. By describing the social and cultural background of Muslim behavior it promotes a deeper understanding of their ways. Rather than a description of Islamic principles and practices the book describes the reasons behind and evolution of modern Islamic faith.

Learned a great deal about the history and breadth of different cultures understanding of the Koran and the practice of Islam. It is as varied as Protestant Christianity and shares the same violent tendencies when religious conservatives try to impose their understanding of religious text on people with modern understanding of revelations. Its a good idea to make a note of different historical players in order to do some outside research to better understand the history. As for the author, the book, despite its frequent references to pogroms, maintains a pleasant equilibrium when presenting a sometimes violent history. That said the book is not for everyone. Our UU Sunday book club over the past 10 years has tackled a variety of religious text. We all agreed that we came to a better understanding of this subject because of our discussion group.

[Download to continue reading...](#)

Heaven on Earth: A Journey Through Shari'ah Law My View from Heaven: A Boy's Story of His Journey to Heaven and the Purpose of Life on Earth My View from Heaven: A Boy's Story of His Journey to Heaven and the Purpose to Life on Earth Heaven on Earth: A Journey Through Shari'a

Law from the Deserts of Ancient Arabia to the Streets of the Modern Muslim World Sharia Law: A
Grisly Work of Islam, Muslim, and Criminal Law Women and Shari'ah Law (Library of
Islamic Law) No Go Zones: How Sharia Law Is Coming to a Neighborhood Near You Sharia Law for
Non-Muslims (A Taste of Islam) Islamic Sharia Law (English Translation) Women and
Shari'ah Law: The Impact of Legal Pluralism in the UK Sharia Law for Non-Muslims (A
Taste of Islam Book 3) Life After Heaven: How My Time in Heaven Can Transform Your Life on
Earth Flight to Heaven: A Plane Crash...A Lone Survivor...A Journey to Heaven--and Back Heaven,
an Unexpected Journey: One Man's Experience with Heaven, Angels, and the Afterlife Heaven Is a
Breath Away: An Unexpected Journey to Heaven and Back Heaven's Gate: The Remarkable
Journey of One Man Who Finds out If Heaven Is for Real The Stairway to Heaven: Book II of the
Earth Chronicles (The Earth Chronicles) Reasoning with God: Reclaiming Shari'ah in the
Modern Age Maqasid Al-Shari'ah, Ijtihad and Civilization Renewal (Occassional Paper)
Sharia-ism Is Here: The Battle To Control Women; And Everyone Else

[Contact Us](#)

[DMCA](#)

[Privacy](#)

[FAQ & Help](#)